I am working towards my Orange and Black Belt!

This is what I need to learn:

Terminology	Spelling	Punctuation	Grammar
Terminology: Noun-phrase Statement Command Adverb Verb Tense Past Present Apostrophe Comma	• the phoneme spelt **ar** after w (war, warm and towards) • Possessive apostrophe – singular nouns When the owner is singular, the apostrophe is placed before the s. Megan's, Ravi's, the girl's, the child's, the man's • -tion (station, fiction, motion, national and section) • Homophones and near- homophones It is important to know the difference in meaning between homophones. there/their/they're, here/hear, quite/quiet, see/sea, bare/bear, one/won, sun/son, to/too/two, be/bee, blue/blew, night/knight Common exception words (tricky words)	• Consolidation of: Apostrophes for contractions. • Apostrophe for possession	• Subordination (using when, if, that, because) and coordination (using all, and, but) • Expanded noun phrases for description and specification. • Sentence types; statement, question, exclamation, command • Use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress. E.g. she was drumming; He was shouting.

Suggested words for common exceptions

would, who, whole, any, many, clothes, busy, people, water, again, half, money, Mr, Mrs, parents, Christmas